Last Name:	First Name:	Matr.–No.:		
Summer Term 20 Total Time 90 M Total Marks 40 Answers all the	 ty Management		cchnische Universikultät für Informa	

Assignment 1: Classification of QA Techniques [5 Marks]

Quality assurance (QA) can be categorized into *constructive* QA and *analytical* QA.

- 1. Briefly describe these categories and highlight their individual goals regarding quality defects.
- 2. Assign each of the methods to the appropriate QA category (constructive or analytical).
 - Dynamic Testing
 - Typing in Programming Languages
 - Coding Guidelines
 - Code Metrics
 - Process Standards
 - Formal Verification
 - Source Code Documentation
 - Model Checking
 - Design by Contract
 - Review/Inspection

Assignment 2: Quality Models [8 Marks]

Value-driven or activity-based quality models are a modern form of product quality models. They describe factors (entities and properties) of the software product and their impacts on activities that are performed with the product.

- 1. Give two advantages of using activities or tasks as a means for structuring quality models in comparison to ISO 9126.
- 2. The following three rules are from the Dutch Web Guidelines¹. Model them as activity-based quality model. Use a table as given below to model 3 model elements, which correspond to 3 rows in the table. One additional example is given in the table.

¹http://www.webguidelines.nl

Entity	Property	Impact	Activity	Additional notes (op- tional)
Image	described	positive	Reading using screen reader	An additional textu- al description allows screen readers to com- municate the content of images.

Rule 1 Use the label element to explicitly associate text with an input field in a form. Some screen readers and Braille displays have difficulty associating input fields with adjacent texts. Web developers do not explicitly associate these texts with input fields in the markup: the visitor has to visualise the connection himself.

Although screen readers will present texts in a linear order, followed by the input fields, the user will have to guess which field stands for which type of input. Navigating between these fields in a non-linear order may actually sometimes make it impossible to understand the form.

The label element was created for this situation. Thanks to this markup, the web developer can explicitly associate a text (or image) with an input field in a form.

Rule 2 Make sure that the meaning of communicative elements is not expressed only through colour. Decorative design elements are literally used for decoration only. The lack of such elements – for instance background illustrations – does not affect the visitor's understanding.

Communicative elements may have significance for the visitor. Information is communicated to the visitor by means of these elements. Examples are text (in HTML or images), links, navigation, symbols/icons and (form) buttons.

Rule 3 *Write both grammatically correct and descriptive markup.* Documents with descriptive markup are more accessible to special browsers. Screen readers can jump from heading to heading and speech browsers can add emphasis when reading certain content. Visual markup complicates the use of these functions.

Assignment 3: Metrics [5 Marks]

In Software Quality Management, *aggregation* is used to reduce the amount of data obtained from code metrics. An example is the *nesting depth* of methods. A high nesting depth can decrease the readability of a code section. The nesting depth is measured for each method in the code. To get an overview about the central tendency in a complete software project, this data has to be aggregated.

- 1. In which scale is the nesting depth metric?
- 2. Which aggregation operator can be used to for determining the central tendency of the nesting depth values?

3. Given are the following nesting depth values for the methods of three classes. Determine the dispersion of the nesting depth by computing the standard deviation of the values in the table.

Class	Method	Nesting Depth
A	al	3
A	a2	1
A	a3	2
В	b1	4
В	b2	5
С	c1	3
C	c2	3

Assignment 4: Goal Question Metric (Lars) [5 Marks]

Apply the Goal Question Metric Approach to the following goal, by giving at least two questions for this goal and for each question at least two metrics.

"Reduce the resource utilization of the software system from the customer's viewpoint."

Assignment 5: Process Assessment [12 Marks]

Background Context

You are the sole personnel QM department of your company. Your management decided to bid the tender of the upcoming local government ministry office automation project. But the tender specification needs that vendor organizations must comply with a quality management system (QMS) standard. Currently your company has processes for the overall software project, which is not fully followed during the development and is incomplete. Therefore, management decided to review the existing processes and perform a complete audit before they apply for the ISO 9001:2000 certification. You proposed to employ your business partner, an Internet Service Provider (ISP), to audit the processes, once the processes and records are internally reviewed by you. The ISP Company has a professional auditor to perform the task. Therefore you and one of your colleagues have currently two tasks: audit the process to identify the non-compliance issues and revise to the process based on the initial audit report before the ISP company starts to audit.

- Which party audit would it be when the ISP Company initiates to audit your software development processes and why?
- Write a brief audit report. A requirement specification process and related control documents are provided. (Hints: The report only includes audit findings and summary)
- Write at least 3 actions to improve the audit findings. What types of actions do you recommend?

SWD/2/004 Issue: 1

Requirement Specifications

1. Purpose & Scope

To understand the project needs, in order to prepare Requirement Specification.

2. Responsibility

Team Leader and designated member of the project

3. Procedure

3.1 Project manager discussing with project members will assign a team for requirements engineering

- 3.2 The Analysis Team will interview the client, collect forms & observe the organization in order to understand the system requirements. The following aspects are covered during requirement analysis
 - Existing Business Process, Hardware & Software, and Security Requirements
- 3.3 All information collected is recorded in the Customer Visit Log
- 3.4 The Review Record is maintained on Requirement Specification Review Checklist.

3.7 The Requirement Specification is then submitted to Client for Approval. Any changes required are incorporated and

verified by the customer.

4. Related Documents

Customer Visit Log
Requirement Specification Review Checklist
SWD/3/010

Prepared By: Anthony Miller, Software Engineering Approved By: S.K. Khan, Chief Information Officer Date : 12/02/08

Visit Log

Project Name: GP SMS		Client: GP		Date: 12/10/09	
Person	Req, Type	Requirement Description	Doc. Collected	Remarks	
Interviewed					
Mr. Martin	System	Message link with the utility service	Electricity bill	Complete	
Head, Sales				information	

Pollob (Head customer care) (Sign of the Clients) Anthony Miller (Sign of the team member)

Requirement Specification Review Checklist

Project Name: GP SMS	Client: GP Dat	e: 22/02/10	
	Check for	Yes	No
Items			
Purpose and Scope	Are the Purpose & scope well defined?		Ν
Functionality	-All Functionalities are well described?		Ν
	- Use cases of customer business process are identified?	Y	
	-All required performance issues are well described?		Ν
	-All requirements reflect the cutomer needs?		Ν
	-All User Interface issues are clearly identified?	Y	
	-All external links of the SMS functions identified and agreed	Y	
Performance	-Any response time for functions is defined	Y	
Security	-Are all security and accessibility issue clearly defined?		Ν
-	-Are login and Password system required by the customer defined?	Y	
	-Is any back-up system is required? If yes has it been addressed?	Y	
Acceptance criteria	-Are all acceptance criteria clearly defined?		Ν

Comments: There are errors in the requirements such as application interactions with the utility service provider are incomplete, functionalities are missing, project acceptance criteria do not fully reflect the goals. There is no sign for the user acceptance.

(Anthony Miller)

Assignment 6: V&V Planning [5 Marks]

V&V planning is the task in a development project that plans the verification and validation of all work products. There exist various methods and techniques for verification and validation of which a good combination needs to be found.

- 1. A very interesting concept that can be used for V&V planning is the cost of quality as proposed by Feigenbaum. For V&V, however, only part of the quality costs play a role. Discuss the relationship of prevention costs and constructive quality assurance.
- Woijicki and Strooper proposed a structured approach to find a good combination of V&V techniques based on their effectiveness and efficiency data. Given below is a table with the necessary data. Propose an initial V&V plan using that approach and discuss what needs to be considered in addition.

	Timing	Interface	Function	Documentation
Data flow tools		L[H]	L[L]	
Review		H[L]	H[M]	M[H]
Random tests	M[H]	M[H]	H[L]	
Black-box tests	M[M]	M[M]	M[H]	