

Literaturrecherche für das Seminar „Software Qualität“ im SS2014

Henning Femmer und Benedikt Hauptmann

Unter Verwendung von Material
von *Dr. Florian Deißeböck*
und *Prof. Dr. Stefan Wagner*

Lernziele und Inhalte

1. Strategie: Wissenschaftliche Arbeiten in einem Themengebiet suchen
2. Ein spezielles Papier suchen und pdf bekommen können
3. Grobe Qualitätsidee

Zwei Teile:

1. Einführung zu wissenschaftlichen Veröffentlichungen
2. Literaturrecherche hands-on

Wissenschaftliche Veröffentlichungen

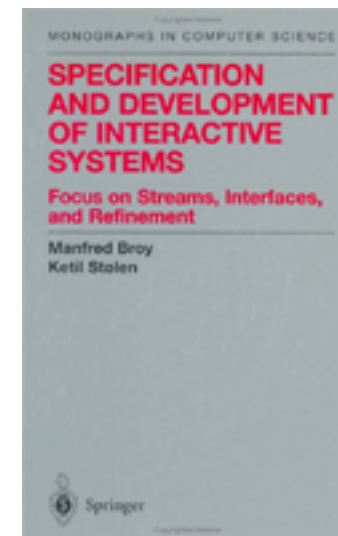
(eine kleine Einführung)

Was und wie wird veröffentlicht?

- Monografie/Buch
 - meist ein Autor
 - 100 – 1000 Seiten
- Buchkapitel
 - 20 – 50 Seiten
- Journal-Artikel
 - 10 – 30 Seiten
- Proceedings-Artikel (Konferenz)
 - 3 – 15 Seiten
- Workshop-Artikel
 - 3 – 15 Seiten
- Technische Berichte
- Promotionen (Masterarbeiten/Bachelorarbeiten)
- Blogs
- ...



Proceedings-Artikel



Monografie



Conference on Systems Engineering Research (CSER'13)

Eds.: C.J.J. Paredis, C. Bishop, D. Bodner, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA, March 19-22, 2013.

A Literature Survey on International Standards for Systems Requirements Engineering

Florian Schneider^{a*}, Brian Berenbach^b

*^aChair for Applied Software Engineering, Technische Universität München, Boltzmannstr. 3, Garching, 85748, Germany
^bSiemens Corporation, Corporate Technology, 755 College Road East, Princeton 08540, USA*

- Jackpot für die Literaturrecherche: Meta-Publikationen / Research Survey

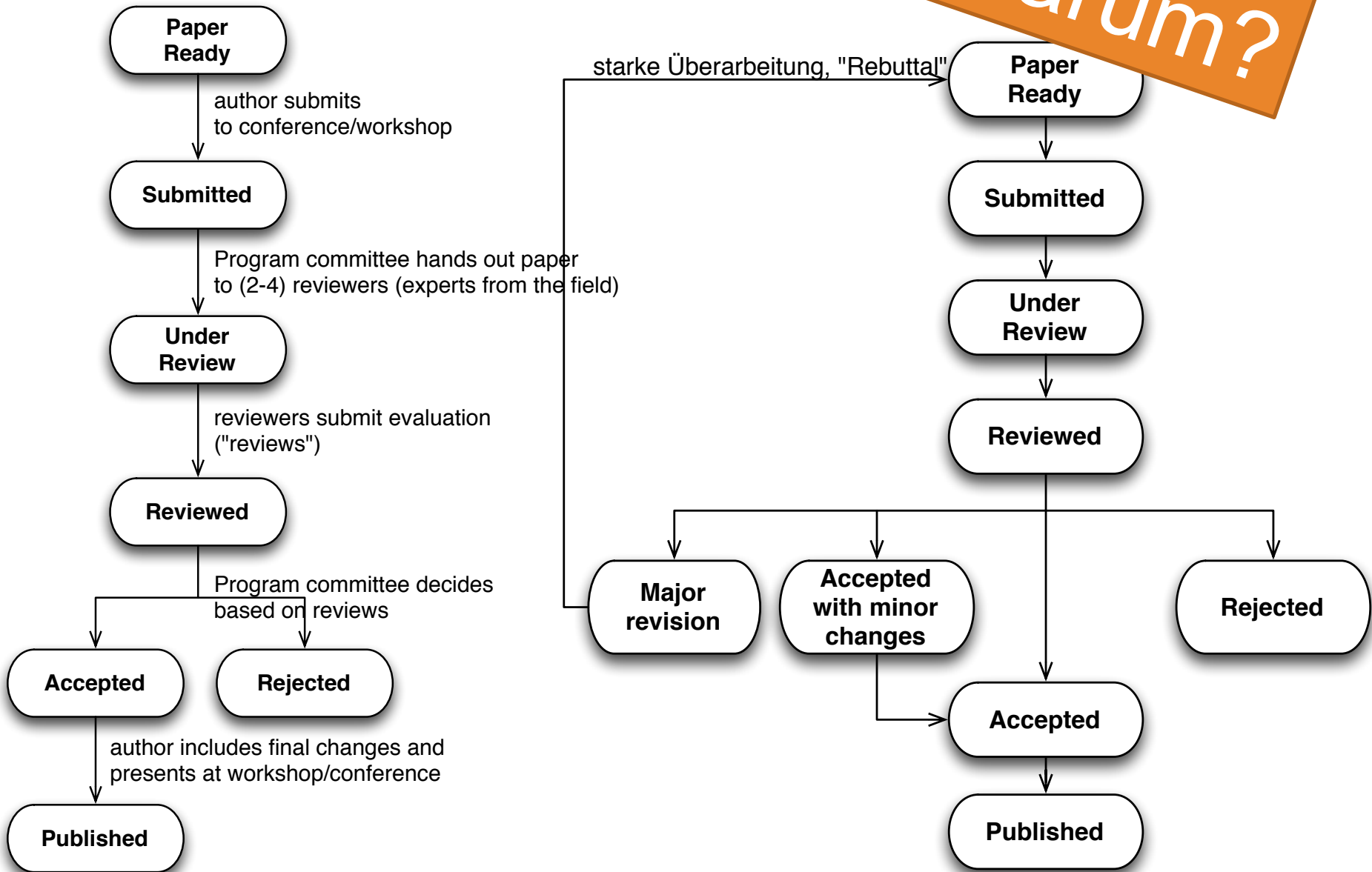
[1] R. Wieringa, N. Maiden, N. Mead, and C. Rolland, "Requirements engineering paper classification and evaluation criteria: a proposal and a discussion," *Requir. Eng.*, 2005.

Wie kommt man zu einer Veröffentlichung?



Das Peer-Review Verfahren: Konferenz und Journal

Warum?



Beispiel: Reviews für einen Workshop



Reale Beispiele...

----- REVIEW 2 -----

PAPER: 4

TITLE: Who is the Advocate? Stakeholders for Sustainability

AUTHORS: Birgit Penzenstadler, Henning Femmer and Debra Richardson

----- REVIEW -----

The paper attempts to devise a systematic process for identifying advocates of sustainability. The process leverages on well-established/classical requirements engineering processes for stakeholders identification.

- + The paper is well-written and presented. The examples are useful.
- + The use of the requirements techniques to identifying sustainability stakeholders looks to be plausible.
- Combining/contrasting the outcomes the four techniques look to be an expensive exercise. Furthermore, sustainability analysis may also require the identification of an equally important slice of stakeholders, who are the devils' advocates for sustainability. This could be important for promoting behavioral change, analyzing obstacles for the sustainability agenda, understanding their incentives, quantifying the risks to adoption and working on solutions for promoting acceptance.
- I would also expect more justification of the exercise in terms of long term benefits and influences on various software artifacts. The motivation is bit weak to justify the effort.

----- REVIEW 1 -----

PAPER: 8

TITLE: Detecting Inconsistencies in Wrappers - A Case Study

AUTHORS: Henning Femmer, Dharmalingam Ganesan, Mika

= Overall opinion =

It's a pleasure to read such a self-contained paper that answers pretty much every questions the readers raises while reading. It's back and provides both detailed theory and insightful

----- REVIEW -----
= Paper overview =

= Detailed feedback =

- abstract - typo: "instead of to the" -> "instead of the"
- p2 - typo: "an SAL" -> "a SAL"
- p3 - typo: "an analysts" -> "an analyst"
- p3: "The tool detects differences in the function pair and highlights the important ones to the user." -> at this stage we don't understand how the "important ones" are defined. It is also unclear at this stage that the training set starts empty (all functions unclassified) and is incrementally defined/increased. I would suggest to be more explicit when describing step (1) and (3).
- p3 - fig 2: the "very light-red background" is very hard to see; I would strongly recommend to find a better way to highlight.
- p3 - fig 2: why are "uint32" and "free" highlighted although they are identical in both implementations?
- p5: "304 pairwise comparisons": can't thing be optimized here? Eg: if f1 and f2 are equivalent and f2 and f3 too, we don't really need to check for f1 and f3, do we?
- p7- fig 6: I would suggest to repeat (at least in the label) which OS which side corresponds to (as in "VxWorks on the left and RTEMS on the right")

The paper addresses in software abstraction underlying implement

The authors propose equivalence of several and modification of pa neither complete nor

The solution proposed learning. The static an given implementation extractors" driving the differences in return c produce some false n case study). These w the solution also integ phase. Finally, the ma information of the stat to keep the "best" dat

The methodology is to code composed of 10 revealed 84 issues, o failures. Each type of issue is explained in detail at the industrial team is given.

pleasant to read, with s clearly stated nts, assumptions and commented, ail, with very es used, and

f 2 technologies; it g rated, and f false positives

dustrial team, om using the tools hodology is applied e, with promising

the target language is of the methodology ch could it be applied

to another language?

Beispie

Reale Bei

p1 l58

4 dimensions vs. views

Btw., why is the technical dimension important? For me it is simply a subset of the economic 'dimension'. Keeping a system sustainable from a technical perspective makes it more profitable from the economic point of view. If it is not 'technically sustainable', it is also not in the economically way.

Reviewer: 1

p1 l 44

example of green software code are mobile apps

Recommendation

Why are they green?

Comments:

#It is esse

First some genera

Sorry to be hard c

not want to demot

To me, it looks to l

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I would evaluate it

might be my fault

I. Your aim is to re

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When I think back

paper. Then I rem

the contribution of

p2 l4

conflicts b

?- Are reb

?- Arent th

How do th

Software?

p2 l10

What is th

GSW?

I think the sentence should be reformulated to avoid misunderstandings.

----Sidebar section

Sec 2 Related Work and its Quality

p2 l22

Attention in SW Engineering only recently.

- depends on whether SW E is something different than the production of software

SW that is now classifiyd as greening (Green by) has been produced since many years in environmental sciences, and there has been environmental informatics for a while. There is the conference series of EnviroInfo (Environmental Informatics) (27th this year). I had a lectures how to design environmental software in 1994. Early (german) names are e.g. R Grützner, B Page, V. Wohlgemuth. At least since 2003 there is a Journal on Environmental Informatics (methodologies, applications, and policy considerations, the needs for environmental systems analysis, the challenges of environmental systems modeling, and the impacts of environmental informatics are discussed etc., btw., IF 3.619, not that I like Impact Factors).

One more genera

Is green software

I have the feeling

enough knowled

+ 4 more pages
+ “please see the
attached file for more
detailed notes”

Wie ist die Qualität einer wissenschaftlichen Publikation?

Qualität einer wissenschaftlichen Publikation lässt sich unterteilen in:

- Relevance
- Novelty
- Validity
- Rigor
- ...

Was man schneller bewerten kann:

- Peer-reviewed?
- Anzahl der Zitationen
- Qualität der Venues/Journale:
 - Impact factor
 - Acceptance rate

Schätzfrage:
Acceptance Rate

So - Engineering-Quellen*

Top General SE Conferences	ICSE	FSE/ESEC	ASE	SPLASH/OOPSLA	ECOOP	ISSTA	FASE
2013	85/461(18%)	51/251(20%)	?	?	?	32/124(26%)	26/112(23%)
2012	87/408(21%)	34/201(17%)	?	?	?	31/108(29%)	33/134(25%)
2011	62/441(14%)	34/203(17%)	?	?	?	35/121(29%)	29/99(29%)
2010	52/380(14%)	34/169(20%)	37/252(15%)	61/166(37%)	?	24/105(23%)	24/96(25%)
2009	50/405(12%)	32+7/217(15%)	34+31/191(18%)	?(28%)	?(23%)	25/93(27%)	30/124(24%)
			38+33/222(17%)	25/144(17%)	25/117(21%)		

- Wiley
- Springer Empr...

Konferenzen (Proceedings)

- International Conference on Software Engineering
- Foundations of Software Engineering (FSE)
- International Conference on Automated Software Engineering
- OO Programming, Systems, Languages and Applications (OOPSLA)
- International Symposium on Software Testing and Analysis (ISSTA)
- International Conference on Software Maintenance (ICSM)

• <http://web.engr.illinois.edu/~taoxie/seconferences.htm>

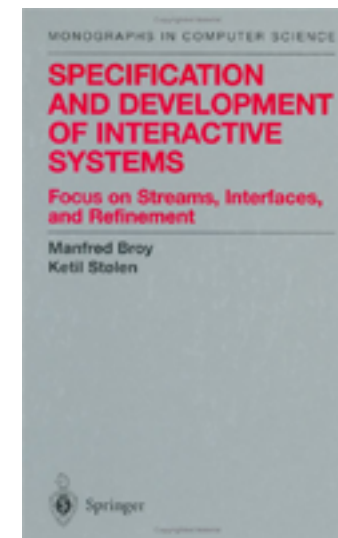
*ungeordnet

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- Workshop-Artikel
 - *Peer-Review*
- Technische Berichte (Tech Reports)
 - *KEIN Peer-Review*
- Internetseiten/Blogs
 - *KEIN Peer-Review*



Proceedings-Artikel



Monografie

Hands-on: Suche nach Publikationen

Warum Literaturrecherche?

- Kein Selbstzweck, sondern Teil des Jobs!
Warum?

Ziele der Literaturrecherche:

- Stand der Wissenschaft herausfinden,
(aktuelle Fragen bestimmen)
- Relevanz belegen
- Abgrenzung zu anderen Arbeiten
(inklusive Begründung)
- Einordnung in Forschungsgebiet
- Behauptungen über *Common Knowledge*
belegen können
- ...



Wo finde ich Papiere?

Quellen:

- ACM Digital Library
- IEEE Xplore
- Springer Link
- Elsevier

- Lehrstuhl/Mitarbeiterseiten
- scholar.google.com
- Bibliothek ...

Wir verwenden meistens Google Scholar!

- Pro
 - Alle Ergebnisse zusammengefasst
 - Zitationen direkt angezeigt
 - Tw. Direktlink zum PDF
 - Autorensuche
- Con
 - Kein Qualitätsfilter
 - Schlechte Suchfilteroptionen

Henning Femmer

MSc. with honours

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Room [0.11.064](#)

NEWS


- Are you a master... Then [this](#) might b...
- Consider submit... [RE Conference!](#)

Fields of interest

- Requirements E...
- Sustainable Soft...
- Empirical Softwa...
- Agile Software E...

Teaching

- SS 14
 - Teaching A...



Publications

- [Rapid Requirements Checks with Requirements Smells: Two Case Studies](#)
Henning Femmer, Daniel Méndez Fernández, Elmar Juergens, Michael Klose, Ilona Zimmer, 2014 1st International Workshop on Rapid and Continuous Software Engineering (RCoSE at ICSE'14)
- [In Quest for Requirements Engineering Oracles: Dependent Variables and Measuremer](#)
Daniel Méndez Fernández, Jakob Mund, Henning Femmer and Antonio Vetro' 2014 18th International Conference on Evaluation and Assessment in Software Engineering (EASE)
- [Systematic Mapping Study on Software Engineering for Sustainability \(SE4S\)](#)
Birgit Penzenstadler, Ankita Raturi, Debra Richardson, Coral Calero, Henning Femmer and X 2014 18th International Conference on Evaluation and Assessment in Software Engineering (EASE)
- [Reviewing Natural Language Requirements with Requirements Smells – A Research Pr](#)
Henning Femmer
2013 11th International Doctoral Symposium on Empirical Software Engineering (IDoESE'13)
- [RE@21: Time to Sustain!](#)
Birgit Penzenstadler, Henning Femmer
2013 Second International Workshop on Requirements Engineering for Sustainable Systems (RE@21)
- [Detecting Inconsistencies in Wrappers: A Case Study](#)
Henning Femmer, Dharmalingam Ganesan, Mikael Lindvall, David McComas
2013 35th International Conference on Software Engineering (ICSE'13), Track: Software Engi
- [Who Is the Advocate? Stakeholders for Sustainability](#)
Birgit Penzenstadler, Henning Femmer, Debra Richardson
2013 2nd International Workshop on Green and Sustainable Software (GREENS at ICSE'13)
- [A Generic Model for Sustainability with Process- and Product-specific Instances](#)
Birgit Penzenstadler, Henning Femmer
2013 1st Intl. Workshop on Green In Software Engineering, Green By Software Engineering (G

Ich kenne ein Papier und suche das pdf-File...

Zwei Optionen:

- <https://EACCESS.ub.tum.de> und nach den Zeitschriften suchen
- Proxy-Server einrichten

Details stehen hier:

<https://www.lrz.de/services/netzdienste/proxy/zeitschriftenzugang/>

DEMO-Time

Suchverfahren und -strategien

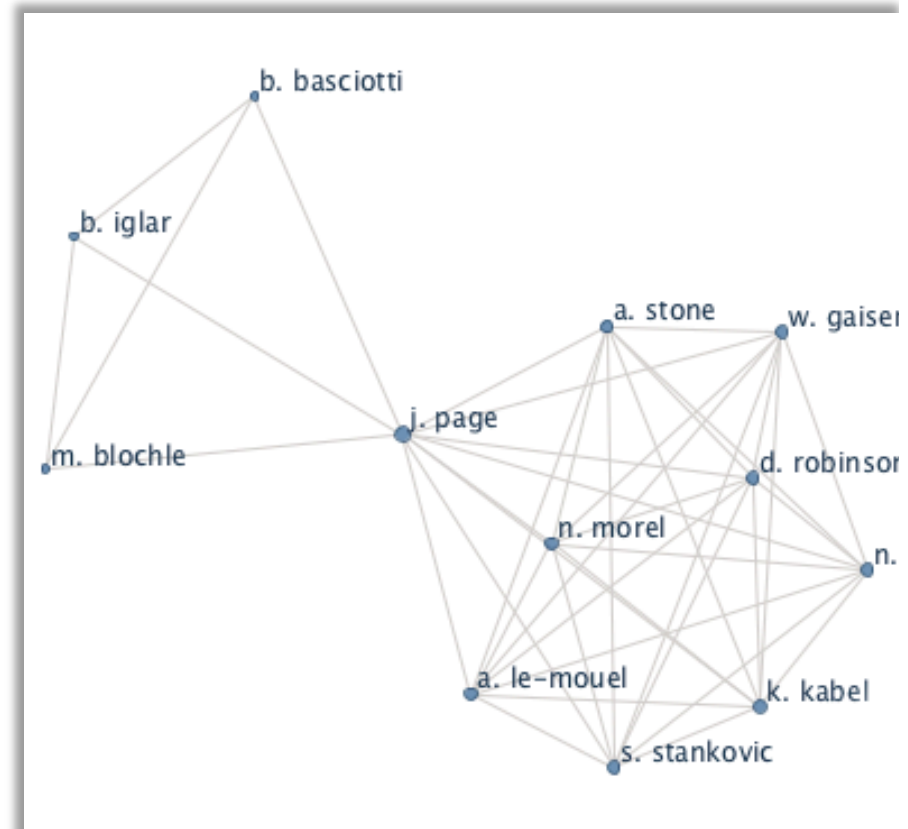
- Manuelle Suche über die Suchmaschinen
- (Literatur-) Snowballing

Systematisches Vorgehen (formal):

- Systematic Mapping Studies
- Systematic Literature Reviews

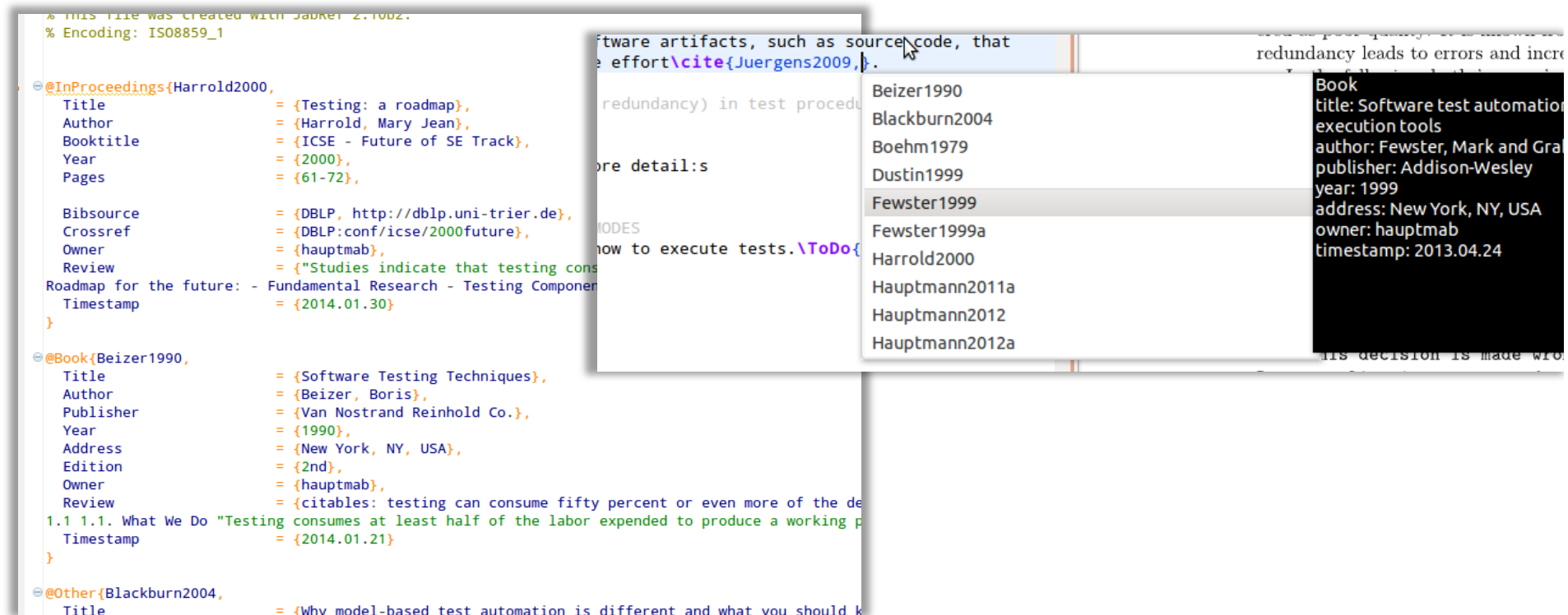
REFERENCES

- [1] B. Hauptmann, M. Junker, S. Eder, E. Juergens, and R. Vaas, "Can Clone Detection Support Test Comprehension?" in *ICPC'12*, 2012.
- [2] M. Fowler and K. Beck, *Refactoring: improving the design of existing code*. Addison-Wesley, 1999.
- [3] A. van Deursen, L. Moonen, A. van den Bergh, and G. Kok, "Refactoring Test Code," in *XP'01*, 2001.
- [4] G. Meszaros, S. Smith, and J. Andrea, "The test automation manifesto," in *XP'03*, 2003.
- [5] G. Meszaros, *xUnit Test Patterns: Refactoring Test Code*. Addison-Wesley, 2007.
- [6] M. Abbas, F. Khomh, Y.-G. Gue andhe andneuc, and G. Antoniol, "An empirical study of the impact of two antipatterns, blob and spaghetti code, on program comprehension," in *CSMR'11*, 2011.
- [7] F. Khomh, M. Di Penta, and Y.-G. Gueheneuc, "An exploratory study of the impact of code smells on software change-proneness," in *WCRE'09*, 2009.



Papierverwaltung

- BibTeX (+LaTeX)
 - bewährtes, universelles Format für LaTeX-Nutzer
 - wird auf vielen Literaturrecherche-Webseiten angeboten
 - wichtig: Verwendung der richtigen Typen: @article, ...



The screenshot shows a BibTeX file with several entries. A search dropdown menu is open, listing authors. A tooltip for the selected entry 'Fewster1999' is also visible.

```

% THIS FILE WAS CREATED WITH JabRef 2.10.02.
% Encoding: ISO8859_1

@InProceedings{Harrold2000,
  Title           = {Testing: a roadmap},
  Author          = {Harrold, Mary Jean},
  Booktitle       = {ICSE - Future of SE Track},
  Year            = {2000},
  Pages           = {61-72},

  Bibsource       = {DBLP, http://dblp.uni-trier.de},
  Crossref        = {DBLP:conf/icse/2000future},
  Owner           = {hauptmab},
  Review          = {"Studies indicate that testing consumes at least half of the labor expended to produce a working program."},
  Roadmap for the future: - Fundamental Research - Testing Component
  Timestamp       = {2014.01.30}
}

@Book{Beizer1990,
  Title           = {Software Testing Techniques},
  Author          = {Beizer, Boris},
  Publisher       = {Van Nostrand Reinhold Co.},
  Year            = {1990},
  Address         = {New York, NY, USA},
  Edition         = {2nd},
  Owner           = {hauptmab},
  Review          = {citable: testing can consume fifty percent or even more of the development effort},
  1.1 1.1. What We Do "Testing consumes at least half of the labor expended to produce a working program."
  Timestamp       = {2014.01.21}
}

@Other{Blackburn2004,
  Title           = {Why model-based test automation is different and what you should know}
}

```

Search dropdown menu items:

- Beizer1990
- Blackburn2004
- Boehm1979
- Dustin1999
- Fewster1999
- Fewster1999a
- Harrold2000
- Hauptmann2011a
- Hauptmann2012
- Hauptmann2012a

Tooltip for Fewster1999:

```

Book
title: Software test automation
execution tools
author: Fewster, Mark and Gra
publisher: Addison-Wesley
year: 1999
address: New York, NY, USA
owner: hauptmab
timestamp: 2013.04.24

```

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 - wichtig: Verwendung der richtigen Typen: `@article, ...`
- JabRef
 - Plattform-unabhängiges Literaturverwaltungs-Programm (Java)
 - verwendet BibTeX als natives Datenformat
 - Verknüpfung mit PDF
 - Dynamische Gruppen
- Mendeley
 - “moderner”
 - Kooperative Verwaltung
 - Verwaltung von Notizen
- Papers (Mac only)
- ...



Lernziele und Inhalte

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3. Grobe Qualitätsidee

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2. Literaturrecherche hands-on

Nachlese

- B. Kitchenham and S. Charters, “Guidelines for performing Systematic Literature Reviews in Software Engineering,” 2007.
- S. Keshav, “How to Read a Paper”, 2013
<http://blizzard.cs.uwaterloo.ca/keshav/home/Papers/data/07/paper-reading.pdf>
- Kent Beck: How to get a paper accepted at OOPSLA:
<http://plg.uwaterloo.ca/~migod/research/beckOOPSLA.html>
- A. Zeller and T. Zimmermann, “Failure is a Four-Letter Word – A Parody in Empirical Research”
and the corresponding presentation:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nm3CIIbuVoM>
- Zugang zu Wissenschaftlichen Publikationen für Mitarbeiter und Studierende der TUM
<https://www.lrz.de/services/netzdienste/proxy/zeitschriftenzugang/>
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